

ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY, MUMBAI

CLASS: XII(MATHS)

WORKSHEET: MODULE 4/4

CHAPTER-5

TOPIC: CONTINUITY AND DIFFERENTIABILITY

- 1) Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ if $x = a\left(\cos\theta + \log \tan \frac{\theta}{2}\right)$, $y = \sin\theta$
- 2) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x = \sqrt{a^{\sin^{-1}t}}$, $y = \sqrt{a^{\cos^{-1}t}}$
- 3) Differentiate $x\sin x$ w.r. to $x\cos x$
- 4) If $y = (\tan^{-1}x)^2$ show that $(1+x^2)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2x(1+x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} - 2 = 0$
- 5) If $y = a\cos(\log x) + b\sin(\log x)$ show that $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$
- 6) If $y = (\sin^{-1}x)^2$ show that $(1-x^2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} = 2$
- 7) If $\sqrt{1-x^2} + \sqrt{1-y^2} = a(x-y)$, show that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\frac{1-y^2}{1-x^2}}$
- 8) If $x = 2 \log(\cos x) + 3 \log(\sin x)$, prove that $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$
- 9) If $x = a(\cos t + t \sin t)$ and $y = a(\sin t - t \cos t)$, $0 < t < \frac{\pi}{2}$, find $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$, $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$
- 10) Differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2}} \right]$ w. r. to $\cos^{-1}x^2$
